#### National Policy and Other Legal Requirements, Statutes, and Regulations that Govern Your Award

You must ensure that the funded project is implemented in full accordance with the U.S. Constitution, Federal Law, and public policy requirements: including, but not limited to, those protecting free speech, religious liberty, public welfare, the environment, and prohibiting discrimination (2 CFR 200.300).

As a registrant with SAM.gov, in most cases, you have already self-certified to the "Financial Assistance General Certifications and Representations," including attesting to the accuracy of the certification and acknowledging that you may be subjected to criminal prosecution under Section 1001, Title 18 USC, or civil liability under the False Claims Act if you have misrepresented the information. A copy of this Financial Assistance Certifications Report is available in your SAM.gov entity registration record.

# 1. Nondiscrimination Policies

As a condition of receipt of Federal financial assistance, you acknowledge and agree to execute your project, and require any contractors, successors, transferees, and assignees to comply with applicable provisions of national laws and policies prohibiting discrimination, including but not limited to:

- a. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and implemented by the National Endowment for the Arts at 45 USC 1110, provides that no person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied benefits of, or be subject to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance. Title VI also extends protection to persons with limited English proficiency (42 USC 2000d et seq.)
- b. As clarified by Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, national origin discrimination includes discrimination on the basis of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs. Meaningful access may entail providing language assistance services, including oral and written translation, where necessary. You are encouraged to consider the need for language services for LEP persons in conducting your programs and activities. For assistance and information go to

https://www.arts.gov/about/foia/reading-room/limited-english-proficiency-plan.

- c. Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, provides that no person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied benefits of, or be subject to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance (20 USC 1681 et seq.)
- d. The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, provides that no person in the United States shall, on the basis of age, be excluded from participation in, be denied benefits of, or be subject to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance (42 USC 6101 et seq.)
- e. The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA), as amended, prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability in employment (Title I); State and local government services (Title II); and places of public accommodation and commercial facilities (Title III) (42 USC 12101-12213).
- f. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, provides that no otherwise qualified individual with a disability in the United States shall, solely by reason of his/her

disability, be excluded Page 34 of 39 from participation in, be denied benefits of, or be subject to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance (29 USC 794).

- Access should be integrated into all facets and activities of an organization, from day to day operations to long range goals and objectives. Access accommodations and services should be given a high priority and funds should be available for these services. All organizations are legally required to provide reasonable and necessary accommodations for staff and visitors with disabilities.
- g. Section 504 Self-Evaluation and Additional Resources
  - A Section 504 self-evaluation must be on file at your organization. To help your organization evaluate its programs, activities, and facilities with regard to Section 504 accessibility requirements, the Civil Rights Office has a Section 504 Self Evaluation Workbook located at https://www.arts.gov/sites/default/files/NEA-SECTION-504-Self-Evaluation-

Workbook-Jan2022.pdf

- ii. You should designate a staff member to serve as a 504 Coordinator.
- iii. The completed workbook or similar compliance and supporting documentation should be kept on file for a period of three (3) years from the date the Federal Financial Report (FFR) is filed and made available to the public and the National Endowment for the Arts upon request. The NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE ARTS may request the 504 Workbook or your compliance documents for various potential scenarios including an Inspector General audit and/or civil rights investigation.
- iv. Design for Accessibility: A Cultural Administrator's Handbook provides guidance on making access an integral part of an organization's staffing, mission, budget, and programs. This Handbook and other resources may be downloaded from the National Endowment for the Arts website. If you have questions, contact the Office of Accessibility at <u>accessibility@arts.gov</u>; (202) 682-5532; FAX (202) 682-5715; or TTY (202) 682-5496.

# 2. Environmental and Preservation Policies

- a. The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended, applies to any Federal funds that would support an activity that may have environmental implications. We may ask you to respond to specific questions or provide additional information in accordance with the Act. If there are environmental implications, we will determine whether a categorical exclusion may apply; to undertake an environmental assessment; or to issue a "finding of no significant impact," pursuant to applicable regulations and 42 USC Sec. 4332.
- b. The National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, applies to any Federal funds that support activities that have the potential to impact any structure eligible for or on the National Register of Historic Places, adjacent to a structure that is eligible for or on the National Register of Historic Places, or located in a historic district, in accordance with Section 106. This also applies to planning activities that may affect historic properties or districts. We will conduct a review of your project activities, as appropriate, to determine the impact of your project activities on the structure or any affected

properties. Agency review must be completed prior to any agency funds being released. You may be asked to provide additional information on your project to ensure compliance with the Act at any time during your award period (16 USC 470).

#### **Other National Policies**

- 3. **Debarment and Suspension.** You must comply with requirements regarding debarment and suspension in Subpart C of 2 CFR Part 180, as adopted by the National Endowment for the Arts in 2 CFR 3254.10.
  - a. There are circumstances under which we may receive information concerning your fitness to carry out a project and administer Federal funds, such as:
    - i. Conviction of, or a civil judgment for, the commission of fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, or making false statements;
    - ii. Any other offense indicating a lack of business integrity or business honesty that seriously and directly affects your present responsibility;
    - iii. Any other cause of so serious or compelling a nature that it affects an organization's present responsibility.
    - iv. In these circumstances, we may need to act quickly to protect the interest of the government by suspending your funding while we undertake an investigation of the specific facts. We may coordinate our suspension actions with other Federal agencies that have an interest in our findings. A suspension may result in your debarment from receiving Federal funding government-wide for up to three (3) years.
- 4. **Lobbying.** You may not conduct political lobbying, as defined in the statutes and regulations listed below, within your Federally-supported project. In addition, you may not use Federal funds for lobbying specifically to obtain awards. For definitions and other information on these restrictions, refer to the following:
  - a. No part of the money appropriated by any enactment of Congress shall, in the absence of express authorization by Congress, be used directly or indirectly to pay for any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone, letter, printed or written matter, or other device, intended or designed to influence in any manner a Member of Congress, a jurisdiction, or an official of any government, to favor, adopt, or oppose, by vote or otherwise, any legislation, law, ratification, policy, or appropriation, whether before or after the introduction of any bill, measure, or resolution proposing such legislation, law, ratification, policy, or appropriation; but this shall not prevent officers or employees of the United States or of its departments or agencies from communicating to any such Member or official, at his request, or to Congress or such official, through the proper official channels, requests for any legislation, law, ratification, policy, or appropriations which they deem necessary for the efficient conduct of the public business, or from making any communication whose prohibition by this section might, in the opinion of the Attorney General, violate the Constitution or interfere with the conduct of foreign policy, counter-intelligence, intelligence, or national security activities (18 USC 1913).
  - b. Lobbying (2 CFR 200.450) describes the cost of certain influencing activities associated with obtaining grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, or loans as an unallowable

project cost. The regulation generally defines lobbying as conduct intended to influence the outcome of elections or to influence elected officials regarding pending legislation, either directly or through specific lobbying appeals to the public.

- c. Certification Regarding Lobbying to Obtain Awards. Section 319 of Public Law 101-121, codified at 31 USC 1352, prohibits the use of Federal funds in lobbying members and employees of Congress, as well as employees of Federal agencies, with respect to the award or amendment of any Federal grant, cooperative agreement, contract, or loan. While non-Federal funds may be used for such activities, they may not be included in your project budget, and their use must be disclosed to the awarding Federal agency. Disclosure of lobbying activities by long-term employees (employed or expected to be employed for more than 130 days) is, however, not required. In addition, the law exempts from definition of lobbying certain professional and technical services by applicants and awardees.
- 5. **Davis-Bacon and Related Acts (DBRA),** as amended, requires that each contract over \$2,000 to which the United States is a party for the construction, alteration, or repair of public buildings or public works (these activities include, but are not limited to, painting, decorating, altering, remodeling, installing pieces fabricated off-site, and furnishing supplies or equipment for a work-site) must contain a clause setting forth the minimum wages to be paid to laborers and mechanics employed under the contract. Under the provisions of DBRA, contractors or their subcontractors must pay workers who qualify under DBRA no less than the locally prevailing wages and fringe benefits paid on projects of a similar character.

Information about the laborers and projects that fall under DBRA can be found in the U.S. Department of Labor's Compliance Guide at

https://webapps.dol.gov/elaws/elg/dbra.htm? ga=2.150765110.163450026.1699821094-2119961996.1699821094. DBRA wage determinations are to be used in accordance with the provisions of Regulations, 29 CFR Part 1, Part 3, and Part 5, and with DOL's Compliance Guide. The provisions of DBRA apply within the 50 states, territories, protectorates, and Native American nations (if the labor is completed by non-tribal laborers).

- 6. The Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990 applies to any organization that controls or possesses Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and receives Federal funding, even for a purpose unrelated to the Act (25 USC 3001 et seq.).
- 7. U.S. Constitution Education Program. Educational institutions (including but not limited to "local educational agencies" and "institutions of higher education") receiving Federal funds from any agency are required to provide an educational program on the U.S. Constitution on September 17 (P.L. 108-447, Division J, Sec. 111(b)). For more information on how to implement this requirement and suggested resources, see <a href="https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/guid/constitutionday.html">https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/guid/constitutionday.html</a> and

<u>https://www2.ed.gov/policy/fund/guid/constitutionday.html</u> and <u>https://www.loc.gov/classroom-materials/constitution-day-resources/?loclr=bloglaw</u>

8. **Prohibition on use of funds to ACORN or its subsidiaries**. None of the Federal or matching funds expended for your awarded project may be distributed to the Association of Community Organizations for Reform Now (ACORN) or its subsidiaries (P.L. 111-88 Sec. 427).

#### South Arts ArtsHERE Appendix B: Specific Terms and Conditions

The grantee acknowledges that they are a subrecipient to the South Arts "pass-through" award and must assure compliance with the general terms and conditions mandated by the National Endowment for the Arts and the Federal government. The General Terms & Conditions for Partnership Agreements (Partnership General Terms or Partnership GTCs), section 23 and appendix B, apply to subawards.

**Review of Risk.** South Arts will evaluate each grantee's risk of noncompliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward and consider imposing specific subaward conditions if appropriate. *2 CFR 200.332(b), (c), and (e)* 

Acceptance of Federally recognized indirect cost rates. South Arts will accept an approved indirect cost rate negotiated between the grantee and the Federal Government. If no such rate exists, South Arts will accept a de minimis cost rate of up to 10% of modified total direct costs. 2 CFR 200.332(a)(4) and 2 CFR 200.414(f)

**Debarment and Suspension.** You must comply with requirements regarding debarment and suspension in Subpart C of 2 CFR 180, as adopted by the Arts Endowment in 2 CFR 32.3254. You must complete a self-certification that your organization is not disbarred, suspended, nor has any other exclusions or disqualifications. You also need to do this for any contractors/vendors/consultants engaged under the federally funded award. Review Subpart C of 2 CFR 180 for more info.

**Monitoring.** South Arts will monitor the activities of grantees as necessary to ensure that subawards are used for authorized purposes, in compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward; and that subaward performance goals are achieved. 2 CFR 200.332(d - h)

**Reporting.** Grantees will complete an Annual Status Report at the end of the first year of the project, and a Final Descriptive Report upon completion of the project. Reports are due 30 days after the end of the reporting period. 200.331(a)(3)

**Record Retention and Access.** Financial records, supporting documents, statistical records, and all other records pertinent to the award must be retained for a period of four (4) years from the date of submission of the final report. Grantees must permit South Arts and South Arts financial auditors' access to their records and financial statements as necessary to ensure compliance with the Federal award requirements. (2 CFR 200.332 (a)(5), .334 and .337)

**Closeout.** All subawards made with Federal and/or required cost share/matching funds must be closed out (including submission and approval of all final reports and disbursal of all Federal and cost share/matching funds). Failure to submit required reports may result in requiring you to return a portion or all of the award funds and may limit your ability to receive future awards. *2 CFR 200.332(a)(6) and .344(a)* 

**Acknowledgement**. Grantees are required to acknowledge support from the National Endowment for the Arts and South Arts. Crediting language should specify the supported program/activity being supported by ArtsHERE and should be removed at the completion of their respective grant periods. *Credit language: ArtsHERE is an initiative of the National Endowment for the Arts in partnership with South Arts and in collaboration with the other five U.S. Regional Arts Organizations.*